The Summary of Benefits and Coverage (SBC) document will help you choose a health <u>plan</u>. The SBC shows you how you and the <u>plan</u> would share the cost for covered health care services. NOTE: Information about the cost of this <u>plan</u> (called the <u>premium</u>) will be provided separately.

This is only a summary. For more information about your coverage, or to get a copy of the complete terms of coverage, visit <u>www.ibx.com/LGBooklet</u> or by calling 1-800-ASK-BLUE (TTY:711). For general definitions of common terms, such as <u>allowed amount</u>, <u>balance billing</u>, <u>coinsurance</u>, <u>copayment</u>, <u>deductible</u>, <u>provider</u>, or other underlined terms see the Glossary. You can view the Glossary at www.healthcare.gov/sbc-glossary/ or call 1-800-ASK-BLUE (TTY:711) to request a copy.

Important Questions	Answers	Why This Matters:
What is the overall deductible?	For <u>In-Network providers</u> \$300 person / \$600 family; For <u>Out-of-Network providers</u> \$750 person / \$1,500 family.	Generally, you must pay all of the costs from <u>providers</u> up to the <u>deductible</u> amount before this <u>plan</u> begins to pay. If you have other family members on the <u>plan</u> , each family member must meet their own individual <u>deductible</u> until the total amount of <u>deductible</u> expenses paid by all family members meets the overall family <u>deductible</u> .
Are there services covered before you meet your deductible?	Yes. <u>Preventive care</u> , Primary care services, <u>Specialist</u> services and <u>Emergency room services</u> are covered before you meet your <u>deductible</u> .	This <u>plan</u> covers some items and services even if you haven't yet met the <u>deductible</u> amount. But a <u>copayment</u> or <u>coinsurance</u> may apply. For example, this <u>plan</u> covers certain <u>preventive</u> <u>services</u> without <u>cost sharing</u> and before you meet your <u>deductible</u> . See a list of covered <u>preventive services</u> at <u>https://www.healthcare.gov/coverage/preventive-care-benefits/</u> .
Are there other <u>deductibles</u> for specific services?	No.	You don't have to meet <u>deductibles</u> for specific services.
What is the <u>out-of-pocket</u> <u>limit</u> for this <u>plan</u> ?	For <u>In-Network providers</u> \$2,000 person / \$4,000 family; For <u>Out-of-Network providers</u> \$4,500 person / \$9,000 family.	The <u>out-of-pocket limit</u> is the most you could pay in a year for covered services. If you have other family members in this <u>plan</u> , they have to meet their own <u>out-of-pocket limits</u> until the overall family <u>out-of-pocket limit</u> has been met.
What is not included in the <u>out-of-pocket limit</u> ?	Premiums, balance-billing charges, precertification penalties, and health care this <u>plan</u> doesn't cover.	Even though you pay these expenses, they don't count toward the out-of-pocket limit.
Will you pay less if you use a <u>network provider</u> ?	Yes. See <u>www.ibx.com/find_a_provider</u> or call 1-800-ASK-BLUE (TTY:711) for a list of <u>network</u> <u>providers</u> .	This <u>plan</u> uses a <u>provider network</u> . You will pay less if you use a <u>provider</u> in the <u>plan's</u> <u>network</u> . You will pay the most if you use an <u>out-of-network provider</u> , and you might receive a bill from a <u>provider</u> for the difference between the <u>provider's</u> charge and what your <u>plan</u> pays (<u>balance billing</u>). Be aware your <u>network provider</u> might use an <u>out-of-network provider</u> for some services (such as lab work). Check with your <u>provider</u> before you get services.
Do you need a <u>referral</u> to see a <u>specialist</u> ?	No.	You can see the <u>specialist</u> you choose without a <u>referral</u> .



All <u>copayment</u> and <u>coinsurance</u> costs shown in this chart are after your <u>deductible</u> has been met, if a <u>deductible</u> applies.

		What You Will Pay			
Common Medical Event	Services You May Need	In-Network Provider (You will pay the least)	Out-of-Network Provider (You will pay the most)	Limitations, Exceptions, & Other Important Information	
	Primary care visit to treat an injury or illness	\$20/Visit. <u>Deductible</u> does not apply.	30% <u>coinsurance</u> .	Telemedicine (from designated telemedicine provider, <u>www.ibx.com/findcarenow</u>): \$10/Visit. Deductible does not apply.	
If you visit a health care provider's office	<u>Specialist</u> visit	\$30/Visit. <u>Deductible</u> does not apply.	30% coinsurance.	None	
	<u>Preventive care/screening</u> / immunization	No charge. <u>Deductible</u> does not apply.	30% <u>coinsurance</u> . <u>Deductible</u> does not apply.	Age and frequency schedules may apply. You may have to pay for services that aren't preventive. Ask your <u>provider</u> if the services needed are preventive. Then check what your <u>plan</u> will pay for.	
If you have a test	<u>Diagnostic test</u> (x-ray, blood work)	X-Ray: 10% <u>coinsurance</u> Freestanding facilities; 15% <u>coinsurance</u> Hospital-based facilities. Blood Work: No charge Freestanding facilities. <u>Deductible</u> does not apply; \$30/ Visit Hospital-based facilities. <u>Deductible</u> does not apply.	30% <u>coinsurance</u> .	None	
	Imaging (CT/PET scans, MRIs)	10% <u>coinsurance</u> . Freestanding facilities. 15% <u>coinsurance</u> . Hospital-based facilities.	30% <u>coinsurance</u> .	Precertification required for certain services. *See section General Information. 20% reduction in benefits for failure to precert out-of- network or BlueCard services.	
	Generic Drugs	Not covered.	Not covered.		
treat your illness or	Preferred Brand	Not covered.	Not covered.	None	
condition	Non Preferred Drugs	Not covered.	Not covered.	INOTIC	

	Services You May Need	What You Will Pay			
Common Medical Event		In-Network Provider (You will pay the least)	Out-of-Network Provider (You will pay the most)	Limitations, Exceptions, & Other Important Information	
	<u>Specialty Drugs</u>	10% <u>coinsurance</u> .	30% <u>coinsurance</u> .	This cost share amount is for specialty injectable or infusion therapy drugs covered by the medical benefit. These drugs are typically administered by a health care professional in a home/office or outpatient facility. Prior- authorization required. *See section Outpatient Services.	
If you have outpatient surgery	Facility fee (e.g., ambulatory surgery center)	10% <u>coinsurance</u> .	30% <u>coinsurance</u> .	Precertification required. *See section General Information. 20% reduction in benefits for failure	
Surgery	Physician/surgeon fees	10% coinsurance.	30% coinsurance.	to pre-authorize out-of-network outpatient services or treatments.	
	Emergency room care	\$300/Visit. <u>Deductible</u> does not apply.	Covered at In-Network level.	None	
If you need immediate medical attention	Emergency medical transportation	No charge. <u>Deductible</u> does not apply.	Covered at In-Network level.		
medical attention	<u>Urgent care</u>	\$20/Visit. <u>Deductible</u> does not apply.	30% <u>coinsurance</u> .	Your costs for <u>urgent care</u> are based on care received at a designated <u>urgent care</u> center or facility, not your physician's office. Costs may vary depending on where you receive care.	
If you have a hospital	Facility fee (e.g., hospital room)	10% coinsurance.	30% coinsurance.	Precertification required. \$1,000 member	
stay	Physician/surgeon fees	10% <u>coinsurance</u> .	30% coinsurance.	penalty for failure to pre-authorize inpatient services or treatment out-of-network.	
If you need mental health, behavioral health, or substance abuse services	Outpatient services	Office: \$20/Visit. <u>Deductible</u> does not apply. All Other Services: \$20/Visit. <u>Deductible</u> does not apply.	Office: 30% <u>coinsurance</u> . All Other Services: 30% <u>coinsurance</u> .	Precertification may be required. 20% reduction in benefits for failure to pre-authorize out-of- network outpatient services or treatments.	
	Inpatient services	10% <u>coinsurance</u> .	30% <u>coinsurance</u> .	Precertification required. \$1,000 member penalty for failure to pre-authorize inpatient services or treatment out-of-network care.	

	What You Will Pay			
Common Medical Event	Services You May Need	In-Network Provider (You will pay the least)	Out-of-Network Provider (You will pay the most)	Limitations, Exceptions, & Other Important Information
		\$20/Visit. <u>Deductible</u> does not apply.	30% coinsurance.	Office visit cost share applies to the first OB visit only. Depending on the type of services,
II vou are oreonani	Childbirth/delivery professional services	10% <u>coinsurance</u> .	30% coinsurance.	additional <u>copayments</u> or <u>coinsurance</u> may apply. Maternity care may include tests and
	Childbirth/delivery facility services	10% <u>coinsurance</u> .	30% <u>coinsurance</u> .	services described elsewhere in the SBC (i.e. ultrasound). Pre-notification requested for maternity care.
	Home health care	10% <u>coinsurance</u> .	30% <u>coinsurance</u> .	Precertification required. 20% reduction in benefits for failure to pre-authorize out-of- network outpatient services or treatments.
	Renabilitation services	\$25/Visit. <u>Deductible</u> does not apply.	30% <u>coinsurance</u> .	Precertification required. 20% reduction in benefits for failure to pre-authorize services provided by a BlueCard PPO <u>Provider</u> or out-of- network outpatient services or treatments.
other special health	Hanilitation services	\$25/Visit. <u>Deductible</u> does not apply.	30% <u>coinsurance</u> .	Precertification required. 20% reduction in benefits for failure to pre-authorize services provided by a BlueCard PPO <u>Provider</u> or out-of- network outpatient services or treatments.
needs	Skilled nursing care	10% <u>coinsurance</u> .	30% <u>coinsurance</u> .	Precertification required. \$1,000 member penalty for failure to pre-authorize inpatient services or treatment for out-of-network care.
	Durable medical equipment	10% <u>coinsurance</u> .	30% coinsurance.	Precertification required. 20% reduction in benefits for failure to pre-authorize out-of-network outpatient services or treatments.
	Hospice services	10% <u>coinsurance</u> .	30% coinsurance.	Precertification required. \$1,000 member penalty for failure to pre-authorize inpatient services or treatment for out-of-network care.
If your child needs	Children's eye exam	Not covered.	Not covered.	None
	Children's glasses	Not covered.	Not covered.	None
-		Not covered.	Not covered.	None

Excluded Services & Other Covered Services:

Services Your Plan Generally Does NOT Cover (Check your policy or plan document for more information and a list of any other excluded services.)					
•	Cosmetic surgery	•	Long-term care	•	Routine foot care
•	Dental care (Adult)	•	Routine eye care (Adult)	•	Weight loss programs
•	Hearing aids				
Other Covered Services (Limitations may apply to these services. This isn't a complete list. Please see your <u>plan</u> document.)					
•	Acupuncture	•	Chiropractic care	٠	Non-emergency care when traveling outside the U.S. See www.bcbsglobalcore.com
•	Bariatric surgery	•	Infertility treatment (covered for artificial insemination and assisted reproductive technology)	•	Private-duty nursing

Your Rights to Continue Coverage: There are agencies that can help if you want to continue your coverage after it ends. To contact the plan at 1-800-ASK-BLUE (TTY: 711) or the contact information for those agencies is: For group health coverage subject to ERISA, contact the Department of Labor's Employee Benefits Security Administration at 1-866-444-EBSA (3272) or www.dol.gov/ebsa/healthreform; For non-federal governmental group health plans, contact the Department of Health and Human Services, Center for Consumer Information and Insurance Oversight, 1-877-267-2323 x61565 or www.cciio.cms.gov. Church plans are not covered by the Federal COBRA continuation coverage rules. If the coverage is insured, individuals should contact their State Insurance regulator regarding their possible rights to continuation coverage under State law. Other coverage options may be available to you too, including buying individual insurance coverage through the Health Insurance Marketplace. For more information about the Pennsylvania Health Insurance Marketplace, visit www.Pennie.gov or call 1-844-844-8040.

Your Grievance and Appeals Rights: There are agencies that can help if you have a complaint against your plan for a denial of a <u>claim</u>. This complaint is called a <u>grievance</u> or <u>appeal</u>. For more information about your rights, look at the explanation of benefits you will receive for that medical <u>claim</u>. Your plan documents also provide complete information on how to submit a <u>claim</u>, <u>appeal</u>, or a <u>grievance</u> for any reason to your <u>plan</u>. For more information about your rights, this notice, or assistance, contact: For group health coverage subject to ERISA, contact the Department of Labor's Employee Benefits Security Administration at 1-866-444-EBSA (3272) or <u>www.dol.gov/ebsa/healthreform</u>; for non-federal governmental group health <u>plans</u> and church <u>plans</u> that are group health <u>plans</u>, contact us at 1-800-ASK-BLUE (TTY:711); if the coverage is insured, you may also contact the Pennsylvania Insurance Department - 1-877-881-6388 - <u>http://www.insurance.pa.gov/Consumers</u>.

Does this plan provide Minimum Essential Coverage? Yes.

Minimum Essential Coverage generally includes plans, health insurance available through the Marketplace or other individual market policies, Medicare, Medicaid, CHIP, TRICARE, and certain other coverage. If you are eligible for certain types of Minimum Essential Coverage, you may not be eligible for the premium tax credit.

Does this plan meet Minimum Value Standards?

If your plan doesn't meet the Minimum Value Standards, you may be eligible for a premium tax credit to help you pay for a plan through the Marketplace.

To see examples of how this <u>plan</u> might cover costs for a sample medical situation, see the next section.

About these Coverage Examples:



This is not a cost estimator. Treatments shown are just examples of how this <u>plan</u> might cover medical care. Your actual costs will be different depending on the actual care you receive, the prices your <u>providers</u> charge, and many other factors. Focus on the <u>cost sharing</u> amounts (<u>deductibles</u>, <u>copayments</u>, and <u>coinsurance</u>) and <u>excluded services</u> under the <u>plan</u>. Use this information to compare the portion of costs you might pay under different health <u>plans</u>. Please note these coverage examples are based on self-only coverage.

\$300

\$30

10%

10%

Peg is Having a Baby
(9 months of in-network pre-natal care and a
hospital delivery)

\$300 \$30

10%

10%

The plan's overall deductible
Specialist copayment
Hospital (facility) <u>coinsurance</u>
Other coinsurance

This EXAMPLE event includes services like:

<u>Specialist</u> office visits (prenatal care) Childbirth/Delivery Professional Services Childbirth/Delivery Facility Services <u>Diagnostic tests</u> (ultrasounds and blood work) <u>Specialist</u> visit (anesthesia)

Total Example Cost	\$12,700	
In this example, Peg would pay:		
Cost Sharing		
<u>Deductibles</u>	\$300	
<u>Copayments</u>	\$0	
Coinsurance	\$1,100	
What isn't covered		
Limits or exclusions	\$30	
The total Peg would pay is	\$1,430	

Managing Joe's type 2 Diabetes
(a year of routine in-network care of a well-
controlled condition)

The plan's overall deductible
Specialist copayment
Hospital (facility) <u>coinsurance</u>
Other coinsurance

This EXAMPLE event includes services like:

Primary care physician office visits (including disease education) Diagnostic tests (blood work) Prescription drugs Durable medical equipment (glucose meter)

Total Example Cost	\$5,600	
In this example, Joe would pay:		
Cost Sharing		
<u>Deductibles</u>	\$300	
<u>Copayments</u>	\$100	
Coinsurance	\$50	
What isn't covered		
Limits or exclusions	\$3,500	
The total Joe would pay is	\$3,950	

Mia's Simple Fracture (in-network emergency room visit and follow up care)

The plan's overall deductible	\$300
Specialist copayment	\$30
Hospital (facility) coinsurance	10%
Other coinsurance	10%

This EXAMPLE event includes services like:

Emergency room care (including medical supplies) Diagnostic test (x-ray) Durable medical equipment (crutches) Rehabilitation services (physical therapy)

0	Total Example Cost	\$2,800	
	In this example, Mia would pay:		
	Cost Sharing		
0	<u>Deductibles</u>	\$300	
0	<u>Copayments</u>	\$400	
0	<u>Coinsurance</u>	\$0	
	What isn't covered		
0	Limits or exclusions	\$10	
0	The total Mia would pay is	\$710	

Note: These numbers assume the patient does not participate in the <u>plan's</u> wellness program. If you participate in the <u>plan's</u> wellness program, you may be able to reduce your costs. For more information about the wellness program, please contact: 1-800-ASK-BLUE (TTY:711)

Glossary of Health Coverage and Medical Terms

- This glossary defines many commonly used terms, but isn't a full list. These glossary terms and definitions are intended to be educational and may be different from the terms and definitions in your <u>plan</u> or <u>health insurance</u> policy. Some of these terms also might not have exactly the same meaning when used in your policy or <u>plan</u>, and in any case, the policy or <u>plan</u> governs. (See your Summary of Benefits and Coverage for information on how to get a copy of your policy or <u>plan</u> document.)
- <u>Underlined</u> text indicates a term defined in this Glossary.
- See page 6 for an example showing how <u>deductibles</u>, <u>coinsurance</u> and <u>out-of-pocket limits</u> work together in a real life situation.

Allowed Amount

This is the maximum payment the <u>plan</u> will pay for a covered health care service. May also be called "eligible expense," "payment allowance," or "negotiated rate."

Appeal

A request that your health insurer or <u>plan</u> review a decision that denies a benefit or payment (either in whole or in part).

Balance Billing

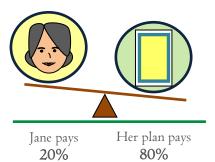
When a <u>provider</u> bills you for the balance remaining on the bill that your <u>plan</u> doesn't cover. This amount is the difference between the actual billed amount and the <u>allowed amount</u>. For example, if the provider's charge is \$200 and the allowed amount is \$110, the provider may bill you for the remaining \$90. This happens most often when you see an <u>out-of-network provider</u> (<u>non-preferred</u> <u>provider</u>). A <u>network provider</u> (<u>preferred provider</u>) may not balance bill you for covered services.

Claim

A request for a benefit (including reimbursement of a health care expense) made by you or your health care <u>provider</u> to your health insurer or <u>plan</u> for items or services you think are covered.

Coinsurance

Your share of the costs of a covered health care service, calculated as a percentage (for example, 20%) of the <u>allowed amount</u> for the service. You generally pay coinsurance *plus* any <u>deductibles</u> you



(See page 6 for a detailed example.)

owe. (For example, if the <u>health insurance</u> or <u>plan's</u> allowed amount for an office visit is \$100 and you've met your <u>deductible</u>, your coinsurance payment of 20% would be \$20. The <u>health insurance</u> or <u>plan</u> pays the rest of the allowed amount.)

Complications of Pregnancy

Conditions due to pregnancy, labor, and delivery that require medical care to prevent serious harm to the health of the mother or the fetus. Morning sickness and a nonemergency caesarean section generally aren't complications of pregnancy.

Copayment

A fixed amount (for example, \$15) you pay for a covered health care service, usually when you receive the service (sometimes called "copay"). The amount can vary by the type of covered health care service.

Cost Sharing

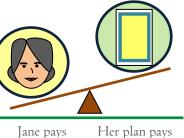
Your share of costs for services that a <u>plan</u> covers that you must pay out of your own pocket (sometimes called "out-of-pocket costs"). Some examples of cost sharing are <u>copayments</u>, <u>deductibles</u>, and <u>coinsurance</u>. Family cost sharing is the share of cost for <u>deductibles</u> and <u>outof-pocket</u> costs you and your spouse and/or child(ren) must pay out of your own pocket. Other costs, including your <u>premiums</u>, penalties you may have to pay, or the cost of care a <u>plan</u> doesn't cover usually aren't considered cost sharing.

Cost-sharing Reductions

Discounts that reduce the amount you pay for certain services covered by an individual <u>plan</u> you buy through the <u>Marketplace</u>. You may get a discount if your income is below a certain level, and you choose a Silver level health plan or if you're a member of a federallyrecognized tribe, which includes being a shareholder in an Alaska Native Claims Settlement Act corporation.

Deductible

An amount you could owe during a coverage period (usually one year) for covered health care services before your <u>plan</u> begins to pay. An overall deductible applies to all or almost all covered items and services. A <u>plan</u> with an overall deductible may



 IO0%
 0%

(See page 6 for a detailed example.)

also have separate deductibles that apply to specific services or groups of services. A <u>plan</u> may also have only separate deductibles. (For example, if your deductible is \$1000, your plan won't pay anything until you've met your \$1000 deductible for covered health care services subject to the deductible.)

Diagnostic Test

Tests to figure out what your health problem is. For example, an x-ray can be a diagnostic test to see if you have a broken bone.

Durable Medical Equipment (DME)

Equipment and supplies ordered by a health care <u>provider</u> for everyday or extended use. DME may include: oxygen equipment, wheelchairs, and crutches.

Emergency Medical Condition

An illness, injury, symptom (including severe pain), or condition severe enough to risk serious danger to your health if you didn't get medical attention right away. If you didn't get immediate medical attention you could reasonably expect one of the following: I) Your health would be put in serious danger; or 2) You would have serious problems with your bodily functions; or 3) You would have serious damage to any part or organ of your body.

Emergency Medical Transportation

Ambulance services for an <u>emergency medical condition</u>. Types of emergency medical transportation may include transportation by air, land, or sea. Your <u>plan</u> may not cover all types of emergency medical transportation, or may pay less for certain types.

Emergency Room Care / Emergency Services

Services to check for an <u>emergency medical condition</u> and treat you to keep an <u>emergency medical condition</u> from getting worse. These services may be provided in a licensed hospital's emergency room or other place that provides care for <u>emergency medical conditions</u>.

Excluded Services

Health care services that your <u>plan</u> doesn't pay for or cover.

Formulary

A list of drugs your <u>plan</u> covers. A formulary may include how much your share of the cost is for each drug. Your <u>plan</u> may put drugs in different <u>cost-sharing</u> levels or tiers. For example, a formulary may include generic drug and brand name drug tiers and different <u>costsharing</u> amounts will apply to each tier.

Grievance

A complaint that you communicate to your health insurer or <u>plan</u>.

Habilitation Services

Health care services that help a person keep, learn or improve skills and functioning for daily living. Examples include therapy for a child who isn't walking or talking at the expected age. These services may include physical and occupational therapy, speech-language pathology, and other services for people with disabilities in a variety of inpatient and/or outpatient settings.

Health Insurance

A contract that requires a health insurer to pay some or all of your health care costs in exchange for a <u>premium</u>. A health insurance contract may also be called a "policy" or "<u>plan</u>."

Home Health Care

Health care services and supplies you get in your home under your doctor's orders. Services may be provided by nurses, therapists, social workers, or other licensed health care <u>providers</u>. Home health care usually doesn't include help with non-medical tasks, such as cooking, cleaning, or driving.

Hospice Services

Services to provide comfort and support for persons in the last stages of a terminal illness and their families.

Hospitalization

Care in a hospital that requires admission as an inpatient and usually requires an overnight stay. Some <u>plans</u> may consider an overnight stay for observation as outpatient care instead of inpatient care.

Hospital Outpatient Care

Care in a hospital that usually doesn't require an overnight stay.

In-network Coinsurance

Your share (for example, 20%) of the <u>allowed amount</u> for covered health care services. Your share is usually lower for in-network covered services.

In-network Copayment

A fixed amount (for example, \$15) you pay for covered health care services to <u>providers</u> who contract with your <u>health insurance</u> or <u>plan</u>. In-network copayments usually are less than <u>out-of-network copayments</u>.

Marketplace

A marketplace for <u>health insurance</u> where individuals, families and small businesses can learn about their <u>plan</u> options; compare plans based on costs, benefits and other important features; apply for and receive financial help with <u>premiums</u> and <u>cost sharing</u> based on income; and choose a <u>plan</u> and enroll in coverage. Also known as an "Exchange." The Marketplace is run by the state in some states and by the federal government in others. In some states, the Marketplace also helps eligible consumers enroll in other programs, including Medicaid and the Children's Health Insurance Program (CHIP). Available online, by phone, and in-person.

Maximum Out-of-pocket Limit

Yearly amount the federal government sets as the most each individual or family can be required to pay in <u>cost</u> <u>sharing</u> during the <u>plan</u> year for covered, in-network services. Applies to most types of health <u>plans</u> and insurance. This amount may be higher than the <u>out-of-</u> <u>pocket limits</u> stated for your <u>plan</u>.

Medically Necessary

Health care services or supplies needed to prevent, diagnose, or treat an illness, injury, condition, disease, or its symptoms, including habilitation, and that meet accepted standards of medicine.

Minimum Essential Coverage

Minimum essential coverage generally includes <u>plans</u>, <u>health insurance</u> available through the <u>Marketplace</u> or other individual market policies, Medicare, Medicaid, CHIP, TRICARE, and certain other coverage. If you are eligible for certain types of minimum essential coverage, you may not be eligible for the <u>premium tax credit</u>.

Minimum Value Standard

A basic standard to measure the percent of permitted costs the <u>plan</u> covers. If you're offered an employer <u>plan</u> that pays for at least 60% of the total allowed costs of benefits, the <u>plan</u> offers minimum value and you may not qualify for <u>premium tax credits</u> and <u>cost-sharing</u> <u>reductions</u> to buy a <u>plan</u> from the <u>Marketplace</u>.

Network

The facilities, <u>providers</u> and suppliers your health insurer or <u>plan</u> has contracted with to provide health care services.

Network Provider (Preferred Provider)

A <u>provider</u> who has a contract with your <u>health insurer</u> or <u>plan</u> who has agreed to provide services to members of a <u>plan</u>. You will pay less if you see a <u>provider</u> in the <u>network</u>. Also called "preferred provider" or "participating provider."

Orthotics and Prosthetics

Leg, arm, back and neck braces, artificial legs, arms, and eyes, and external breast prostheses after a mastectomy. These services include: adjustment, repairs, and replacements required because of breakage, wear, loss, or a change in the patient's physical condition.

Out-of-network Coinsurance

Your share (for example, 40%) of the <u>allowed amount</u> for covered health care services to <u>providers</u> who don't contract with your <u>health insurance</u> or <u>plan</u>. Out-of-network coinsurance usually costs you more than <u>in-</u><u>network coinsurance</u>.

Out-of-network Copayment

A fixed amount (for example, \$30) you pay for covered health care services from <u>providers</u> who do *not* contract with your <u>health insurance</u> or <u>plan</u>. Out-of-network copayments usually are more than <u>in-network</u> <u>copayments</u>.

Out-of-network Provider (Non-Preferred Provider)

A <u>provider</u> who doesn't have a contract with your <u>plan</u> to provide services. If your <u>plan</u> covers out-of-network services, you'll usually pay more to see an out-of-network provider than a <u>preferred provider</u>. Your policy will explain what those costs may be. May also be called "non-preferred" or "non-participating" instead of "outof-network provider."

Out-of-pocket Limit

The most you *could* pay during a coverage period (usually one year) for your share of the costs of covered services. After you meet this limit the <u>plan</u> will usually pay 100% of the <u>allowed amount</u>. This limit helps you plan for



Í 100%

(See page 6 for a detailed example.)

health care costs. This limit never includes your premium, balance-billed charges or health care your <u>plan</u> doesn't cover. Some <u>plans</u> don't count all of your <u>copayments</u>, <u>deductibles</u>, <u>coinsurance</u> payments, out-ofnetwork payments, or other expenses toward this limit.

0%

Physician Services

Health care services a licensed medical physician, including an M.D. (Medical Doctor) or D.O. (Doctor of Osteopathic Medicine), provides or coordinates.

Plan

Health coverage issued to you directly (individual plan) or through an employer, union or other group sponsor (employer group plan) that provides coverage for certain health care costs. Also called "health insurance plan," "policy," "health insurance policy," or "<u>health insurance</u>."

Preauthorization

A decision by your health insurer or <u>plan</u> that a health care service, treatment plan, <u>prescription drug</u> or <u>durable</u> <u>medical equipment (DME)</u> is <u>medically necessary</u>. Sometimes called "prior authorization," "prior approval," or "precertification." Your <u>health insurance</u> or <u>plan</u> may require preauthorization for certain services before you receive them, except in an emergency. Preauthorization isn't a promise your <u>health insurance</u> or <u>plan</u> will cover the cost.

Premium

The amount that must be paid for your <u>health insurance</u> or <u>plan</u>. You and/or your employer usually pay it monthly, quarterly, or yearly.

Premium Tax Credits

Financial help that lowers your taxes to help you and your family pay for private <u>health insurance</u>. You can get this help if you get <u>health insurance</u> through the <u>Marketplace</u> and your income is below a certain level. Advance payments of the tax credit can be used right away to lower your monthly <u>premium</u> costs.

Prescription Drug Coverage

Coverage under a <u>plan</u> that helps pay for <u>prescription</u> <u>drugs</u>. If the plan's <u>formulary</u> uses "tiers" (levels), prescription drugs are grouped together by type or cost. The amount you'll pay in <u>cost sharing</u> will be different for each "tier" of covered <u>prescription drugs</u>.

Prescription Drugs

Drugs and medications that by law require a prescription.

Preventive Care (Preventive Service)

Routine health care, including <u>screenings</u>, check-ups, and patient counseling, to prevent or discover illness, disease, or other health problems.

Primary Care Physician

A physician, including an M.D. (Medical Doctor) or D.O. (Doctor of Osteopathic Medicine), who provides or coordinates a range of health care services for you.

Primary Care Provider

A physician, including an M.D. (Medical Doctor) or D.O. (Doctor of Osteopathic Medicine), nurse practitioner, clinical nurse specialist, or physician assistant, as allowed under state law and the terms of the <u>plan</u>, who provides, coordinates, or helps you access a range of health care services.

Provider

An individual or facility that provides health care services. Some examples of a provider include a doctor, nurse, chiropractor, physician assistant, hospital, surgical center, skilled nursing facility, and rehabilitation center. The <u>plan</u> may require the provider to be licensed, certified, or accredited as required by state law.

Reconstructive Surgery

Surgery and follow-up treatment needed to correct or improve a part of the body because of birth defects, accidents, injuries, or medical conditions.

Referral

A written order from your <u>primary care provider</u> for you to see a <u>specialist</u> or get certain health care services. In many health maintenance organizations (HMOs), you need to get a referral before you can get health care services from anyone except your <u>primary care provider</u>. If you don't get a referral first, the <u>plan</u> may not pay for the services.

Rehabilitation Services

Health care services that help a person keep, get back, or improve skills and functioning for daily living that have been lost or impaired because a person was sick, hurt, or disabled. These services may include physical and occupational therapy, speech-language pathology, and psychiatric rehabilitation services in a variety of inpatient and/or outpatient settings.

Screening

A type of <u>preventive care</u> that includes tests or exams to detect the presence of something, usually performed when you have no symptoms, signs, or prevailing medical history of a disease or condition.

Skilled Nursing Care

Services performed or supervised by licensed nurses in your home or in a nursing home. Skilled nursing care is **not** the same as "skilled care services," which are services performed by therapists or technicians (rather than licensed nurses) in your home or in a nursing home.

Specialist

A <u>provider</u> focusing on a specific area of medicine or a group of patients to diagnose, manage, prevent, or treat certain types of symptoms and conditions.

Specialty Drug

A type of <u>prescription drug</u> that, in general, requires special handling or ongoing monitoring and assessment by a health care professional, or is relatively difficult to dispense. Generally, specialty drugs are the most expensive drugs on a <u>formulary</u>.

UCR (Usual, Customary and Reasonable)

The amount paid for a medical service in a geographic area based on what <u>providers</u> in the area usually charge for the same or similar medical service. The UCR amount sometimes is used to determine the <u>allowed</u> <u>amount</u>.

Urgent Care

Care for an illness, injury, or condition serious enough that a reasonable person would seek care right away, but not so severe as to require <u>emergency room care</u>.

How You and Your Insurer Share Costs - Example

more

costs

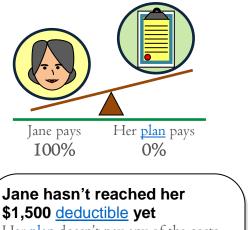
-0

Jane's Plan Deductible: \$1,500

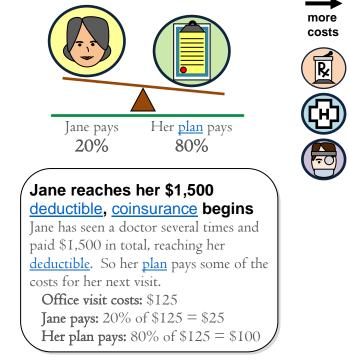
Coinsurance: 20%

Out-of-Pocket Limit: \$5,000

January 1st Beginning of Coverage Period **December 31**st End of Coverage Period



Her <u>plan</u> doesn't pay any of the costs. Office visit costs: \$125 Jane pays: \$125 Her plan pays: \$0





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Language Assistance Services

Spanish: ATENCIÓN: Si habla español, cuenta con servicios de asistencia en idiomas disponibles de forma gratuita para usted. Llame al 1-800-275-2583 (TTY: 711).

Chinese: 注意:如果您讲中文,您可以得到免费的语言 协助服务。致电 1-800-275-2583。

Korean: 안내사항: 한국어를 사용하시는 경우, 언어 지원 서비스를 무료로 이용하실 수 있습니다. 1-800-275-2583 번으로 전화하십시오.

Portuguese: ATENÇÃO: se você fala português, encontram-se disponíveis serviços gratuitos de assistência ao idioma. Ligue para 1-800-275-2583.

Gujarati: સ્ચના: જો તમે ગુજરાતી બોલતા હો, તો નિ:શુલ્ક

ભાષા સહ્રાય સેવાઓ તમારા માટે ઉપલબ્ધ છે.

1-800-275-2583 કોલ કરો.

Vietnamese: LƯU Ý: Nếu bạn nói tiếng Việt, chúng tôi sẽ cung cấp dịch vụ hỗ trợ ngôn ngữ miễn phí cho bạn. Hãy gọi 1-800-275-2583.

Russian: ВНИМАНИЕ: Если вы говорите по-русски, то можете бесплатно воспользоваться услугами перевода. Тел.: 1-800-275-2583.

Polish UWAGA: Jeżeli mówisz po polsku, możesz skorzystać z bezpłatnej pomocy językowej. Zadzwoń pod numer 1-800-275-2583.

Italian: ATTENZIONE: Se lei parla italiano, sono disponibili servizi di assistenza linguistica gratuiti. Chiamare il numero 1-800-275-2583.

Arabic:

ملحوظة: إذا كنت تتحدث اللغة العربية، فإن خدمات المساعدة اللغوية متاحة لك بالمجان. اتصل برقم 258-275-800-1.

French Creole: ATANSYON: Si w pale Kreyòl Ayisyen, gen sèvis èd pou lang ki disponib gratis pou ou. Rele 1-800-275-2583.

Telugu: శ్రద్ద పెట్ట డి: ఒకపేళ మీరు తెలుగు భాష మాట్లా డుతున్స్ల

టయితే, మీ కొరకు తెలుగు భాషాసహాయక సేవలు ఉచితంగాలభినిత యి. 1-800-275-2583 (TTY: 711) కు కాల చేయండి. **Tagalog:** PAUNAWA: Kung nagsasalita ka ng Tagalog, magagamit mo ang mga serbisyo na tulong sa wika nang walang bayad. Tumawag sa 1-800-275-2583.

French: ATTENTION: Si vous parlez français, des services d'aide linguistique-vous sont proposés gratuitement. Appelez le 1-800-275-2583.

Pennsylvania Dutch: BASS UFF: Wann du Pennsylvania Deitsch schwetzscht, kannscht du Hilf griege in dei eegni Schprooch unni as es dich ennich eppes koschte zellt. Ruf die Nummer 1-800-275-2583.

Hindi: ध्यान दें: यदि आप हिंदी बोलते हैं तो आपके लिए मुफ्त में भाषा सहायता सेवाएं उपलब्ध हैं। कॉल करें 1-800-275-2583।

German: ACHTUNG: Wenn Sie Deutsch sprechen, können Sie kostenlos sprachliche Unterstützung anfordern. Wählen Sie 1-800-275-2583.

Japanese: 備考: 母国語が日本語の方は、言語アシス タンスサービス(無料)をご利用いただけます。 1-800-275-2583へお電話ください。

Persian (Farsi):

توجه: اگر فارسی صحبت می کنید، خدمات ترجمه به صورت رایگان برای شما فراهم می باشد. با شماره 2583-275-1،000-1 تماس بگیرید.

Navajo: Díí baa akó nínízin: Díí saad bee yáníłti'go Diné Bizaad, saad bee áká'ánída'áwo'dę́ę', t'áá jiik'eh. Hódíílnih kojį' 1-800-275-2583.

Urdu:

Mon-Khmer, Cambodian: ស្ងមមេត្តាចាប់អារម្មណ៍៖ ប្រសិនបើអ្នកនិយាយភាសាមន-ខ្មែរ ឬភាសាខ្មែរ នោះ ជំនួយផ្នែកភាសានឹងមានផ្តល់ជូនដល់លោកអ្នកដោយឥត គិតថ្លៃ។ ទូរសព្វទៅលេខ 1-800-275-2583។

Taglines as of 12/31/2022

Discrimination is Against the Law

This Plan complies with applicable Federal civil rights laws and does not discriminate on the basis of race, color, national origin, age, disability, or sex. This Plan does not exclude people or treat them differently because of race, color, national origin, age, disability, or sex.

This Plan provides:

- Free aids and services to people with disabilities to communicate effectively with us, such as: qualified sign language interpreters, and written information in other formats (large print, audio, accessible electronic formats, other formats).
- Free language services to people whose primary language is not English, such as: qualified interpreters and information written in other languages.

If you need these services, contact our Civil Rights Coordinator. If you believe that This Plan has failed to provide these services or discriminated in another way on the basis of race, color, national origin, age, disability, or sex, you can file a grievance with our Civil Rights Coordinator. You can file a grievance in the following ways: In person or by mail: ATTN: Civil Rights Coordinator, 1901 Market Street, Philadelphia, PA 19103, <u>By phone:</u> 1-888-377-3933 (TTY: 711) <u>By fax:</u> 215-761-0245, <u>By email</u>: <u>civilrightscoordinator@1901market.com</u>. If you need help filing a grievance, our Civil Rights Coordinator is available to help you.

You can also file a civil rights complaint with the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, Office for Civil Rights electronically through the Office for Civil Rights Complaint Portal, available at *https://ocrportal.hhs.gov/ocr/portal/lobby.jsf* or by mail or phone at: U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, 200 Independence Avenue SW., Room 509F, HHH Building, Washington, DC 20201, 1-800-368-1019, 800-537-7697 (TDD). Complaint forms are available at

http://www.hhs.gov/ocr/office/file/index.html.